§50.30

in accordance with §50.20 and the State permits certain exclusions or allows for other limitations, or an insurance policy is not governed by State law requirements, then the insurer may subsequently offer limited coverage or coverage with exclusions.

Subpart D—State Residual Market Insurance Entities; Workers' Compensation Funds

§ 50.30 General participation requirements.

- (a) *Insurers*. As defined in §50.5(f), all State residual market insurance entities and State workers' compensation funds are insurers under the Program even if such entities do not receive direct earned premiums.
- (b) Mandatory Participation. State residual market insurance entities and State workers' compensation funds that meet the requirements of §50.5(f) are mandatory participants in the Program subject to the rules issued in this Subpart.
- (c) Identification. Treasury will release and maintain a list of State residual market insurance entities and State workers' compensation funds at www.treasury.gov/trip. Procedures for providing comments and updates to that list will be posted with the list.

 $[68 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 59720, \; \mathrm{Oct.} \; 17, \; 2003]$

§ 50.33 Entities that do not share profits and losses with private sector insurers.

- (a) Treatment. A State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund that does not share profits and losses with a private sector insurer is deemed to be a separate insurer under the Program.
- (b) Premium calculation. A State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund that is deemed to be a separate insurer should follow the guidelines specified in §50.5(d)(1) or 50.5(d)(2) for the purposes of calculating the appropriate measure of direct earned premium.

[68 FR 59720, Oct. 17, 2003]

§ 50.35 Entities that share profits and losses with private sector insurers.

- (a) Treatment. A State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund that shares profits and losses with a private sector insurer is not deemed to be a separate insurer under the Program.
- (b) Premium and loss calculation. A State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund that is not deemed to be a separate insurer should continue to report, in accordance with normal business practices, to each participant insurer its share of premium income and insured losses, which shall then be included respectively in the participant insurer's direct earned premium or insured loss calculations.

[68 FR 59720, Oct. 17, 2003]

§ 50.36 Allocation of premium income associated with entities that do share profits and losses with private sector insurers.

- (a) Servicing Carriers. For purposes of this Subpart, a servicing carrier is an insurer that enters into an agreement to place and service insurance contracts for a State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund and to cede premiums associated with such insurance contracts to the State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund. Premiums written by a servicing carrier on behalf of a State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund that are ceded to such an entity or fund shall not be included as direct earned premium (as described in $\S 50.5(d)(1)$ or 50.5(d)(2)) of the servicing carrier.
- (b) Participant Insurers. For purposes of this Subpart, a participant insurer is an insurer that shares in the profits and losses of a State residual market insurance entity or a State workers' compensation fund. Premium income that is distributed to or assumed by participant insurers in a State residual market insurance entity or State workers' compensation fund (whether directly or as quota share insurers of risks written by servicing carriers),